

## Герундий. The Gerund

- I. Глагол + существительное
1. He is afraid **of being laughed** at.
  2. I can't understand **his leaving** school.  
**Jane's coming** surprised everybody.

Формы простые и сложные

### II. Функции

1. Подлежащее:

**Reading** is her favorite occupation. Чтение – ее любимое занятие.

2. Именная часть составного именного сказуемого:

Her greatest pleasure is **reading**. Ее самое большое удовольствие – это чтение.

3. дополнение:

I remember **reading** it. Я помню, что читал это.

4. Определение:

I had the pleasure of **reading** in the newspaper of your success. Я имел удовольствие прочесть в газете о вашем успехе.

5. обстоятельство:

On **seeing** her he stopped. Увидев ее, он остановился.

### III. Герундий переводится :

- 1 Именем существительным:

**Smoking** causes health problems. Курение вызывает проблемы со здоровьем.

- 2 Инфинитивом:

She enjoyed **sitting** in the sun. Ей доставляло удовольствие сидеть на солнце.

- 3 Деепричастием:

He went away without **saying** "Good-bye". Он ушел не попрощавшись.

- 4 придаточным предложением:

He regretted **having come**. Он жалел, что пришел.

### IV. Формы времени и залога:

	Active	Passive
Indefinite	reading	being read
Perfect	having read	having been read

### Simple Active

He likes **inviting** his friends to his house. Он любит приглашать к себе своих друзей.

## Simple Passive

He entered the room without **being noticed**.

Он вошел в комнату, не будучи замеченным.

NB! Want, need, deserve, require, be worth – Active, хотя значение - Passive

His room needed painting.

The child deserves praising.

Perfect - действие предшествует действию основного глагола

I don't remember **having seen** him before. Я не помню, чтобы я его раньше видел.

He mentioned **having read** it in the paper.

Он упомянул о том, что читал это в газете.

She denied **having been asked** about it.

NB! Simple - После - remember, excuse, forgive, thank, on, upon, after, without etc.

I remember **locking** the door.

Thank you for **coming**.

He apologized for **not closing** the door.

On **leaving** the house we took a taxi.

## Глаголы с герундием

1. to be disappointed + at  
to be surprised

2. to be responsible + for  
apologize  
blame  
forgive  
thank

3. to prevent + from

4. to consist + in  
to persist  
to result  
to spend  
to succeed  
to be engaged, participate  
to be interested  
believe

5. to accuse + of  
to approve (disapprove)  
to suspect  
to hear  
to be afraid

to be fond  
to be proud  
be guilty  
be tired  
take advantage

6. to count + on (upon)  
to depend  
to insist

7. to object, be opposed + to + Ving  
be devoted  
look forward  
be used, be accustomed

8. complain + about/of  
dream  
talk  
think

9. admit  
advise  
appreciate  
avoid  
begin, start  
complete, finish,  
stop, quit  
consider, discuss, understand  
continue, keep  
delay, postpone  
enjoy  
like, love  
forget  
hate  
mention  
mind  
miss  
practice  
prefer  
remember, recall, recollect  
recommend  
regret  
resist  
risk  
suggest  
tolerate  
try

10. can't bear  
can't stand  
can't help  
I couldn't help laughing.

11. go fishing  
go shopping  
go skating

12. have fun/a good time/difficulty etc. + Ving  
spend/waste (time, money)

## Инфинитив. The Infinitive

**VO** - to call, see, detect – (not to come, not find)

Без частицы to:

1. can, could, must, may, might, should, would  
You can take the magazine.

2. had better, would rather  
He'd better hurry up!

3. make, have  
What makes you think so?

4. let  
Let me think a bit.

5. hear, see, feel, observe etc.  
We saw him cross the street.

6. Will, do etc.  
I will be there.

Функции:

1. подлежащее

**To find out** the truth is very important.

2. часть составного сказуемого

a) именного - The problem is **to find** the solution quickly.

b) глагольного - They may **go**.

3. дополнение

I was asked **to help**.

4. определение

The book **to be published** is his best one.

5. обстоятельство

**Not to be** late we had to take a taxi.



Arrange, prepare, plan  
Ask, beg  
Care  
Claim, demand  
Decide  
Deserve  
Expect, hope  
Fail  
Hesitate  
Learn  
Manage  
Mean  
Need  
Offer  
Pretend  
Promise  
Refuse  
Swear  
Threaten  
Volunteer  
Wait  
Want, wish

I failed to start the engine.

*Глаголы, используемые с объектным инфинитивным оборотом:*

Advise  
Allow, permit  
Cause, force, encourage, urge  
Convince, persuade  
Dare  
Forbid  
Hire  
Instruct, teach  
Invite  
Order, require, tell  
Remind  
Warn  
They forced him to explain the situation.

*Разница в использовании Ving и Infinitive:*

1. Ving = V

Start, begin, continue, intend, bother, like, love, hate, can't stand, can't bear etc.

We began reading.

We began to read.

NB: like, love, hate – I like living here. (уже существующая ситуация)

I like to live in the country.

2. hear, see etc.

I heard him singing = I heard that he was singing.

I heard the door bang.

3. remember, forget

I remember taking the book. (уже сделал)

Remember to take the book! (нужно сделать)

4. try

He is trying to learn English. (прилагать усилия, стараться)

He tried opening the window because it was too hot in the room. (пытаться сделать, получится или нет)

5. stop

They stopped talking.

They stopped to talk to her. (чтобы – цель)

6. need

It needs painting.

I need to paint the door.